BEFORE THE ARIZONA BOARD OF OSTEOPATHIC EXAMINERS

IN MEDICINE AND SURGERY

3

IN THE MATTER OF:

State of Arizona

STEVEN J. LOCNIKAR, D.O

For the practice of osteopathic medicine in the

Holder of License No. 3347

4

1

2

5

6

7

8

9

11

10

12

13 14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23 24

25

Docket No.: 05A-2566-OST Case No.: 3566

FINDINGS OF FACT. CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND ORDER FOR REVOCATION

On January 21, 2006 this case came before the Arizona Board of Osteopathic Examiners in Medicine and Surgery ("Board") for oral argument and consideration of Administrative Law Judge Daniel G. Martin's ("ALJ") proposed Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law and Recommended Order involving Steven J. Locnikar, D.O. ("Respondent"). Respondent was notified of the Board's intent to consider this matter at the Board's public meeting.

The Respondent appeared before the Board and was represent by Dwane M. Cates, Attorney at Law. The State was represented by Assistant Attorney General Blair Driggs. Christine Cassetta of the Solicitor General's section of the Attorney General's Office provided legal advice to the Board.

The Board, having considered the ALJ's report and the entire record in this matter hereby issues the following Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law and Order.

FINDINGS OF FACT

- 1. The Arizona Board of Osteopathic Examiners in Medicine and Surgery (the "Board") is the duly constituted authority for licensing and regulating the practice of osteopathic medicine in the State of Arizona.
- 2. Respondent Steven J. Locnikar, DO is the holder of License No. 2669 for the practice of osteopathic medicine in the State of Arizona.
 - 3. The Board issued Dr. Locnikar's license on March 27, 1992.

- -

- 4. Prior to the occurrence of the events that gave rise to the instant proceeding, Dr. Locnikar had been the subject of the following Board actions:
 - a. On May 17, 1996 Dr. Locnikar entered into a Stipulated Consent Order with the Board placing Dr. Locnikar on probation for a five year period and requiring Dr. Locnikar obtain psychiatric or psychological treatment based on Dr. Locnikar's violation of A.R.S. § 32-1854(22) (using controlled substances or prescription-only drugs unless they are provided by a medical practitioner as part of a lawful course of treatment). The Consent Order required, among other things, that during the term of his probation Dr. Locnikar was to abstain completely from the consumption of alcoholic beverages and the use of illicit drugs, and that Dr. Locnikar was not to take any controlled substances without a prescription from his treating physician.
 - b. On October 1, 1996 Dr. Locnikar entered into a second Stipulated Consent Order with the Board after the Board received information giving it reason to believe that Dr. Locnikar had not complied with the May 1996 Consent Order. Pursuant to that second Stipulated Consent Order, Dr. Locnikar agreed to attend ninety one hour self-help meetings for ninety days through organizations such as alcoholics anonymous and narcotics anonymous.
 - c. On February 6, 1997 Dr. Locnikar entered into a Consent Order with the Board for the summary suspension of his license. According to the terms of that Order, Dr. Locnikar had violated the terms of his probation by testing positive for the use of alcohol, marijuana and cocaine. Furthermore, Dr. Locnikar had provided treatment to patients while under the influence of alcohol, an act of unprofessional conduct, and had failed to cooperate with the Board in its efforts to enforce the terms of Dr. Locnikar's probation.
 - 1. On February 13, 1997 the Board issued an Order terminating Dr.

Locnikar's summary suspension, and placing Dr. Locnikar's license on formal suspension subject to the successful completion by Dr. Locnikar of an inpatient rehabilitation program.¹ Paragraph 9 of the Board's Order provides:

[Dr. Locnikar] may have his license to practice as an osteopathic physician, subjected to additional disciplinary action, including but not limited to suspension or revocation of Board license in the future if:

- A. The Board finds that [Dr. Locnikar] does not have the requisite mental, physical and emotional fitness to safely continue the practice of medicine; or,
- B. There are new grounds for finding unprofessional conduct concerning [Dr. Locnikar]; or,
- C. [Dr. Locnikar] fails to comply fully with the terms and conditions of this Order.
- 5. On May 25, 2005 the Board issued its Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law and Order in Case No. 3455. In that Order, the Board found as follows:
- a. Dr. Locnikar had relapsed between June 2004 and January 2005, and had during that period consumed alcohol, used cocaine and taken Versed (a benzodiazepine syrup).
- b. In consequence of his relapse, Dr. Locnikar had agreed, among other things, to not practice osteopathic medicine and to submit to three drug screens each week.
- c. In April 2005, several of Dr. Locnikar's drug screens were positive for benzodiazepines and testosterone.
- 6. The Board concluded that Dr. Locnikar had engaged in unprofessional conduct in violation of A.R.S. § 32-1854(3), (38) and (39), and suspended Dr. Locnikar from the practice of osteopathic medicine until he complied with the terms and conditions set forth in the Order. Among other things, the Board required that Dr. Locnikar successfully complete an inpatient evaluation for possible alcohol or chemical dependency, develop a plan for aftercare treatment and monitoring, and abstain completely from the consumption of alcoholic beverages and/or illicit drugs, and to not take any controlled substances without a prescription from his treating

There is no evidence in the record as to whether Dr. Locnikar completed the required program; the Administrative Law Judge infers, from the fact that Dr. Locnikar continued to practice medicine, that he did.

physician.

,2

2.3

- 7. As was the case with its February 13, 1997 Order the Board's May 25, 2005 Order included a provision that Dr. Locnikar's license to practice as an osteopathic physician could be restricted, suspended or revoked in the future if the Board found that Dr. Locnikar did not have the requisite mental, physical and emotional fitness to safely continue the practice of medicine, or if Dr. Locnikar engaged in unprofessional conduct, or if Dr. Locnikar failed to comply fully with the terms and conditions of the Order. The Board's Order further required that "[i]n the event [Dr. Locnikar] moves and ceases to practice medicine in Arizona, he shall give written notice to the Board of his new residence address within twenty (20) days of moving. . "."
- 8. On July 27, 2005 the Board received information from the United States Drug Enforcement Agency that Dr. Locnikar had been involved in an incident involving the Paradise Valley Police Department. The evidence presented at hearing regarding that incident demonstrated the following:
 - a. On July 23, 2005 Paradise Valley Police Officers Sanborn and Chavira responded to the Renaissance Cottonwood Inn in response to a complaint. According to Officer Sanborn, a security officer at the Inn had seen a woman in a window of one of the rooms mouthing the words, 'call the police'.
 - b. Upon responding to the room in question, Officers Sanborn and Chavira discovered Dr. Locnikar and a woman named Carla Gonzalez. Dr. Locnikar had met Ms. Gonzalez the previous evening at Bourbon Street Circus, where Ms. Gonzalez worked as an exotic dancer.
 - c. Officer Sanborn observed damage to the room, but ascertained, following interviews with Dr. Locnikar and Ms. Gonzalez, that the majority of the damage had been caused in the course of consensual sexual conduct between Dr. Locnikar and Ms. Gonzalez. Officer Sanborn further ascertained that the security officer's observation of

Ms. Gonzalez in the window had apparently not been an expression of fear by Ms. Gonzalez of Dr. Locnikar, but was instead related to Ms. Gonzalez having viewed something in the hotel vent system that had frightened her.

- d. Through his interview with Dr. Locnikar, Officer Sanborn learned that Dr. Locnikar and Ms. Gonzalez had been drinking throughout the evening.
- e. Officer Sanborn asked Dr. Locnikar if any drugs were present in the room.

 Dr. Locnikar denied that any drugs were present. Ms. Gonzalez, however, informed

 Officer Chavira that Dr. Locnikar had injected her with a drug to help her relax. That

 drug turned out to be human growth hormone.
- f. Upon being confronted with Ms. Gonzalez's statement, Dr. Locnikar identified himself as a physician and acknowledged that he had injected Ms. Gonzalez with the drug. Officer Sanborn asked Dr. Locnikar if the drug required a prescription; Dr. Locnikar answered that it did. Officer Sanborn asked Dr. Locnikar if Ms. Gonzalez had a prescription for the drug; Dr. Locnikar answered that she did not, but that he did. Officer Sanborn asked Dr. Locnikar if he had written the prescription for himself; Dr. Locnikar answered that he had not. Dr. Locnikar acknowledged, however, that he could easily have obtained such a prescription from one of his friends.
- g. According to Officer Sanborn, Dr. Locnikar disclosed during the interview that his medical license was under suspension.
- 9. On October 12, 2005 following its review of the foregoing incident, the Board issued a Complaint and Notice of Hearing alleging that Dr. Locnikar had violated A.R.S. § 32-1854(3), (5), (6), (22), (25), (35), (38) and (45).
- 10. The Board's Notice of Hearing advised Dr. Locnikar that the hearing in his matter would convene on November 17, 2005 at the Office of Administrative Hearings in Phoenix, Arizona. The Board sent a copy of the Notice of Hearing to Dr. Locnikar at Dr. Locnikar's

address of record by certified mail, return receipt requested.

- 11. The United States Postal Service returned the Board's Notice of Hearing as undeliverable and as unable to be forwarded. According to the Board, Dr. Locnikar did not notify the Board of any change in his address, as he was required to do under the terms of the Board's May 25, 2005 Order.
- 12. The Board provided proper notice to Dr. Locnikar of the hearing in this matter. In view of the Board's proper provision of notice, that no valid justification exists for Dr. Locnikar's failure to appear.
- 13. Because Dr. Locnikar failed to appear for hearing, he offered no evidence to controvert or mitigate the evidence presented by the Board.
- 14. At the conclusion of the hearing, the Board requested, based upon all of the evidence and the totality of the circumstances, including the previous Orders entered against Dr. Locnikar's license, that Dr. Locnikar's license to practice osteopathic medicine in the State of Arizona be revoked.
- 15. The board finds that the public's health, safety and welfare is threatened and as such mandates the immediate effectiveness of the following Order.

. CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

- 1. In this proceeding the Board bears the burden to prove, by a preponderance of the evidence, that Dr. Locnikar engaged in unprofessional conduct as defined in A.R.S. § 32-1854(3), (5), (6), (22), (25), (35), (38) and/or (45), and that he is subject to disciplinary action pursuant to A.R.S. § 32-1855(1). See A.A.C. R2-19-119.
- 2. A preponderance of the evidence is "such proof as convinces the trier of fact that the contention is more probably true than not." Morris K. Udall, ARIZONA Law OF EVIDENCE § 5(1960).
 - 3. A.R.S. § 32-1854(3) defines unprofessional conduct as "[p]racticing medicine

while under the influence of alcohol, narcotic or hypnotic drugs or any substance that impairs or may impair the licensee's ability to safely and skillfully practice medicine."

- 4. A.R.S. § 32-1800(24) defines "practice of medicine" or "practice of osteopathic medicine" as including all of the following:
 - (a) To examine, diagnose, treat, prescribe for, palliate, prevent or correct human diseases, injuries, ailments, infirmities and deformities, physical or mental conditions, real or imaginary, by the use of drugs, surgery, manipulation, electricity or any physical, mechanical or other means as provided by this chapter.
 - (b) Suggesting, recommending, prescribing or administering any form of treatment, operation or healing for the intended palliation, relief or cure of any physical or mental disease, ailment, injury, condition or defect.
 - (c) The practice of osteopathic medicine alone or the practice of osteopathic surgery or osteopathic manipulative therapy, or any combination of either practice.
- 6. Dr. Locnikar engaged in the practice of medicine as defined by A.R.S. § 32-1800(24) (b) when he injected Ms. Gonzalez with human growth hormone on July 23, 2005. Dr. Locnikar was under the influence of alcohol when he did so; therefore, Dr. Locnikar's conduct constitutes a violation of A.R.S. § 32-1854(3).
- 7. A.R.S. § 32-1854(5) defines unprofessional conduct as "[p]rescribing, dispensing or administering controlled substances or prescription only drugs for other than accepted therapeutic purposes."
- 8. A.R.S. § 32-1854(6) defines unprofessional conduct as '[engaging in the practice of medicine in a manner that harms or may harm a patient or that the board determines falls below the community standard."
- 9. A.R.S. § 32-1854(25) defines unprofessional conduct as "[v]iolating a formal order, probation or a stipulation issued by the board under this chapter."
- 16. Dr. Locnikar violated A.R.S. § 32-1854(25) by engaging in the practice of medicine while his license was under suspension, by consuming alcohol in violation of the

Board's May 25, 2005 Order, and by failing to provide the Board with notice of his change of address.

- 17. A.R.S. § 32-1854(35) defines unprofessional conduct as '[v]iolating a federal law, a state law or a rule applicable to the practice of medicine."
- 18. Dr. Locnikar violated A.R.S § 32-1854(35) by virtue of his violations of A.R.S. § 32-1854 as found herein.²
 - 19. A.R.S. § 32-855(1) provides:

A physician who, after an investigative or administrative hearing, is found to be guilty of unprofessional conduct or is found to be mentally or physically unable safely to engage in the practice of osteopathic medicine is subject to any combination of censure, probation, suspension of license, revocation of license, an order to return patient fees, imposition of hearing costs, imposition of a civil penalty of not to exceed five hundred dollars for each violation for such period of time, or permanently, and under conditions the board deems appropriate for the protection of the public health and safety and just in the circumstances. The board may charge the costs of an investigative or administrative hearing to the licensee if pursuant to that hearing the board determines that the licensee violated this chapter or board rules.

- 20. Based on the foregoing statute, Dr. Locnikar is subject to disciplinary action because he is found to have engaged in unprofessional conduct.
- 21. Upon consideration of all of the evidence, disciplinary action is warranted (revocation of Dr. Locnikar's license) and is commensurate with the serious nature of Dr. Locnikar's violations, coupled with Dr. Locnikar's history of past violations and demonstrated inability to comply with Board Orders.

ORDER

Pursuant to the authority vested in the Board,

² Dr. Locnikar's injection of Ms. Gonzalez may have constituted a violation of state and/or federal law pertaining to the dispensing of prescription-only drugs; however, the board did not present any legal authority at the hearing to support such a conclusion.

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

- 1. IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that Dr. Steven J. Locnikar's license for the practice of osteopathic medicine in the State of Arizona (No. 2669) is revoked. Revocation of license is effective immediately.
- 2. IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that Dr. Steven J. Locnikar shall immediately return his wallet card and wall license.



ISSUED THIS 25TH DAY OF JANAURY 2006. ARIZONA BOARD OF OSTEOPATHIC EXAMINERS

NOTICE OF RIGHT TO APPEAL TO SUPERIOR COURT

Respondent to hereby notified that this is a final administrative decision of the Board and that the Respondent has exhausted his administrative remedies. Respondent is advised that an appeal to Superior Court in Maricopa County may be taken from this decision pursuant to Title 12, Chapter 7, Article 6.

Original "Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law and Order for Revocation" filed this 25th day of January, 2006 with the:

Arizona Board of Osteopathic Examiners In Medicine and Surgery 9535 East Doubletree Ranch Road Scottsdale AZ 85258-5539

Copy of the foregoing "Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law and Order for Revocation" sent by certified mail, return receipt requested this 25th day of January, 2006 to:

Steven J. Locnikar, D.O. Hazelden Springbrook 1901 Esther Street Newburg OR 97132

1 2	Copies of the foregoing "Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law and Order for Decree of Censure" sent via regular mail this 9th
3	day of January, 2006 to:
4	Blair Driggs, AAG Office of the Attorney General CIV/LES
5	1275 West Washington Phoenix AZ 85007
6	Dyvana M. Cataa Farrina
7	Dwane M. Cates, Esquire Cates, Hanson, Sargeant & Rakestraw, P.L.C.
. 8	1747 East Morten, Suite 205 Phoenix, AZ 85020
9	Cliff J. Vanell, Director
10	Office of Administrative Hearings 1400 West Washington, Suite 101
11	Phoenix, AZ 85007
12	
13	
14	
15	
16	
17	
18	
19	
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	